### MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH JUN 14 AM 8: 58 BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2012

Public Water Supply Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
Date(s) customers were informed: $6+6+20./3$ / / , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
Date Mailed/Distributed:/
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)  As a URL (Provide URL  As an attachment  As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Franklin Alexante  Date Published: 6 / 6 /2013
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)  Date Posted:/
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address ( <b>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</b> ):

CERTIFICATION

Thereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Name/Title (Bresident, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

6/12/13 Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: <u>Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us</u>

2013 MAY -9 AM 8: 06

2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Sixtown Water Association PWS#: 0190006 May 2013

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Sixtown Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Roger Causey at 601-384-2544. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 5:00 PM at the Dist. 5 V.F.D.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2011*	.047	No Range	ppm		2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2009/11*	2	0	ppb		0	AL≔15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfect	ion By-	Products							
Chlorine	N	2012	1	.07 – 1	mg/l	0	MDRL =	= 4 Wate	er additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

### \*\*\*\*\*April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Sixtown Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2013 JUN 14 AM 8: 58

THE FRANKLIN ADVOCATE

POST OFFICE BOX 576

MEADVILLE, MS 39653

**JUNE 10, 2013** 

# 2012 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT SIXTOWN WATER ASSOCIATION

**PUBLISHED** 

JUNE 6, 2013

**VOLUME 126, NUMBER 34** 

SIXTOWN WATER ASSOCIATION

844 MCGEHEE ROAD, SE

MEADVILLE, MS 39653

**TOTAL COST** 

\$175.00

#### 2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Sixtown Water Association PWS#: 0180006 May 2013

Width operand to present to you they year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to Inform you about the quality water and sendice we defined to you every day. Our constant goal is by nonadicy you wish a seel and depended a spoply of dinking water. We write the settlement process and protod your what ir procurse. We wait if settlement process and protod your what ir procurse. We wait if settlement process and protod your what ir procurse. We

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### Inorganic Contaminants

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						1	L	erosion of natural depasts.		
17. Lead	i N	2000/111	] 2	٥	600	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing		
1	- 1		ł		Į.			systems, exosion of netural		
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#### Disinfection By-Products

Chibane II 2012 1 07-1 mg/l . 0 MDRt = 4 Visita edditive used to control microbes
\* Most secent sweptle. No sample required for 1017

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### Legal Notices

## Legal Notice NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORFEIT SEIZED PROPERTY

TO: TRACY LANCE HEN-RY OR ANY UNKNOWN OWNER

Case No: T05-1827

You are hereby notified that on July 1, 2005 in Franklin County, Missispipt, the property listed and described below was selzed by the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics pursuant to Miss. Code Ann. § 41-29-153 (1972). Miss. Code Ann. § 41-29-176 (Supp. 2000) provides for the ad-ministrative forfeiture of property other than a controlled substance, raw material or paraphermalia seized under the Uniform Controlled Substances Law, the value of which does not exceed \$10.00000.

### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY: APPROXIMATE VALUE:

TWO THOUSAND SEV-EN HUNDRED NINE-TY TWO DOLLARS \$2,792.00

Said property being subject to forfeiture under the provisions of Section 41-29-153(a) (?) of the Mississippl Code of 1972, as amended, having been used, or intended for use, in violation of, or to facilitate the violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law.

#### TO CONTEST THE FOR-FEITURE

If you claim an interest in the above-described property which is subject to notice under Miss. Code Ann. § 41-29-176, and wish to contest the forfeiture you must within thirty (30) days after receipt of this Notice or of the date of the first publication of this Notice, file a Petition signed by you contesting the forfeiture and requesting judicial review in the county court, if a county court exists, or otherwise in the circuit court of the county in which the seizure is made or the county in which the criminal prosecution His brought viit ordin to claim an interest in the property. Upon the filing of the Petition and the payment of the filing fees, service of the petition shall be made on the attorney for or

CLAIMS. Your Petition should express what your interest is in the property and why you do not believe it should be forfeited.

If you file such a Petttion, a copy of the Petition must be served upon the attorney or representative providing this Notice by service of process in the same manner as in other civil cases. Said agent for process for the seizing agency can be served at the following address: Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics, Attention: Legal Department, P. O. Box 720519, Byram, Mississippi 39272.

If you do not file a Petition requesting judicial review and contesting the forfeiture within thirty (30) days of receiving this notice, the above-described property will be forfeited to the Mississippi Burcau of Narcotics, to be used, distributed, or disposed of in accor-dance with the provisions of Miss. Code Ann. § 41-29-181.

Dated this the 13th day of May, 2013.

Notice provided by:

/s/ Jackie R. Bost, II Jackie R. Bost, II Senior Attorney - MBN

Publish: 5/23/13, 5/30/13, 6/6/13

### **Legal Notice**

IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF FRANKLIN COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

RALPH L. GUERRERA, JR. PLAINTIFF

VS. CAUSE NO. 2011-046

VIVIAN WILSON: THEIL MA WILSON HAMMOND; CREVIE WILSON; FELIX WILSON: C. W. WILSON: FRED FORTENBERRY, JR; IRVIN FORTENBERRY; TERESA MILLS: KATH-LEEN HENDERSON; JOEL FREEMAN; MIKE FREE-MAN; CONSTANCE FREE-MAN; MONROE JACKSON MOODY, IR; ROSA LEE WILSON BROWN; MOSE-WILSON, JR; CURTIS WIL-SON: MARTHA WILSON: BEATRICE SMITH; FLORA HILLIARD; AMOS SKIP-PER; DENNIE DENNIS, JR.;

SABRINA HUNTER MCCORVEY

TARON HUNTER

### THE UNKNOWN HEIRS AT LAW OF TERESA MILLS

You have been made Defendant in the suit filed in this Court by Ralph L. Guerrera, Jr., Plaintill seeking an easement in the Complaint for Easement by Necessity and Other Relief on file in the Chancery Court of Franklin County, Mississippi. Defendants other than you in this action are Vivian Wilson, Thelma Wilson Hammond, Crevie Wilson, Felix Wilson, Fred Fortenberry, Jt., Irvin Fortenberry, Kathleen Henderson, C. W. Wilson, Joel Preeman, a/k/a Joel K. Freeman, Mike Freeman, a/k/a Michael W. Freeman, Constance Freeman, Rosa Lee Wilson Brown, Monroe Jackson Moody, Jr., a/k/a Jackie Moody, Mose Wilson, Jr., Curtis Wilson, Shirley Hunter Gaines, Ida Bradshaw, Martha Wilson, Dennie Dennis, Jr., Florence Johnson and Plum Creek South Central Timberlands, L.L.C.

You are required to mail or hand-deliver a copy of a written response to the Complaint for Easement by Necessity and Other Relief filed against you in this action to Lane B. Reed, the attorney for the Plaintiff, whose post office address is Post Office Box 188, and whose street address is 26 South First Street, Meadville, Mississippi 39653.

YOUR RESPONSE MUST
BE MAILED OR DELIVERED
NOT LATER THAN THERTY
(30) DAYS AFTER THE 23-6
DAY OF MAY, 2013, WHICH
IS THE DATE OF THE FIRST
PUBLICATION OF THIS
SUMMENS. BE CONSETS FOR A FUDGOR DELIVERED, A FUDGMENT BY DEFAULT WILL
BE ENTERED AGAINST YOU
FOR THE MONEY OR OTH-